# COMMUNITY RELATIONS

## CODE OF CONDUCT

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I. Introduction

A. The District establishes this Code of Conduct for the Maintenance of Public Order on School Property and at School Functions to govern the conduct of students, teachers and other school personnel, and visitors. This Code of Conduct has been developed consistent with Article 2-A of the Education Law, the Safe Schools Against Violence in Education Act (Chapter 181 of the Laws of 2000) and Section 100.2 of the implementing Commissioners Regulations, in collaboration with student, teacher, administrators, parent organizations, school safety personnel and other school personnel.

B. Definitions:

For the purposes of this Code of Conduct, the following definitions apply:

“Employee” means any person receiving compensation from a school district or employee of a contracted service provider or worker placed within the school under a public assistance employment program, pursuant to title 9-B of article 5 of the Social Services Law, and consistent with the provisions of such title for the provision of services to such district, its students or employees, directly or through contract, whereby such services performed by such person involve direct student contact. (Education Law Section 11[4] and 1125 [3])

“School Function” is defined as any event, occurring on or off school property, sanctioned or approved by the school, including but not limited to offsite athletic events, school dances, plays, musical productions, field trips or other school-sponsored trips (Education Law Section 11[2]).

“School Property” means in or within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, parking lot, or land contained within the real property boundary line of a public elementary or secondary school; or in or on a school bus. (Education Law Section 11[1])

“School Bus” means every motor vehicle owned by a public or governmental agency or private school and operated for the transportation of pupils, children of pupils, teachers and other persons acting in a supervisory capacity, to or from school or school activities, or, privately owned and operated for compensation for the transportation of pupils, children of pupils, teachers and other persons acting in a supervisory capacity, to or from school or school activities. (Education Law Section 11[1] and Vehicle and Traffic Law Section 142)

“Disability” means (a) a physical, mental or medical impairment resulting from anatomical, physiological, genetic or neurological conditions which prevents the
exercise of a normal bodily function or is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or laboratory diagnostic techniques or (b) a record of such an impairment or (c) a condition regarded by others as such an impairment, provided, however, that in all provisions of this article dealing with employment, the term must be limited to disabilities which, upon the provision of reasonable accommodations, do not prevent the complainant from performing in a reasonable manner the activities involved in the job or occupation sought or held. (Education Law Section 11[4] and Executive Law Section 292[21])

“Gender” means a person’s actual or perceived sex and includes a person’s gender identity or expression (Education Law Section 11[6]). “Gender Identity means a person’s gender-related identity, appearance or behavior, whether or not that gender-related identity, appearing or behavior is different from that traditionally associated with the person’s physiology or assigned sex at birth.

“Sexual Orientation” means a person’s actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality, or bisexuality (Education Law Section 11[5]).

“Discrimination” means discrimination against any student by a student or students and/or employee or employees on school property or at a school function, including but not limited to, discrimination based on a person’s actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression) or sex.

“Harassment/Bullying” means the creation of a hostile environment by conduct or by threats, intimidation or abuse, including cyberbullying as defined in Education Law Section 11[8], that

a) has or would have the effect of unreasonably and substantially interfering with a student’s educational performance, opportunities or benefits, or mental, emotional or physical well-being; or

b) reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause a student to fear for his or her physical safety; or

c) reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause physical injury or emotional harm to a student; or

d) occurs off school property and creates or would foreseeably create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment, where it is foreseeable that the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse might reach school property.

Harassment/Bullying may include physical, verbal and/or social/relational conduct.
Physical harassment/bullying may include, but is not limited to, slapping, hitting, kicking, spitting, punching, tripping, damaging clothes or personal property, choking, etc.

Verbal harassment/bullying may include, but is not limited to insulting, name-calling, threats, gossip/rumors, racial slurs, teasing, taunting, cyberbullying, etc.

Social/relational harassment/bullying may include, but is not limited to exclusion, spreading gossip or rumors, isolating someone, ruining relationships/social status, etc.

Harassment/bullying may be characterized by the following:

- Power imbalance – using physical or social power over a victim.
- Intent – to inflict physical or social/emotional harm to a victim without remorse.
- Future aggression – continuation of the harassment/bullying.
- Terror – increasing aggression used to intimidate and dominate the victim.

“Material incident” of harassment/bullying means a single verified incident or a series of related verified incidents where a student is subjected to harassment/bullying and/or discrimination by a student and/or employee on school property or at a school function. This term includes a verified incident or a series of related verified incidents of harassment/bullying that occur off school property where such acts create or would foreseeably create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment, where it is foreseeable that the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse might reach school property, and is the subject of a written or oral complaint to the superintendent, principal, or their designee, or other school employee. The harassment/bullying and/or discrimination may include, but is not limited to threats, intimidation and/or abuse based on a person’s actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex or any other legally protected status. (8 NYCRR 100.2(kk)(1)(ix))

For the purposes of this definition, the term “threats, intimidation, or abuse” shall include verbal and non-verbal actions. (Education Law Section 11[7])

“Cyberbullying” means harassment/bullying, as defined above, through any form of electronic communication. Cyberbullying may include the use of electronic technology including, but not limited to e-mail, instant messaging, blogs, chat rooms, pagers, cell phones, gaming systems and social media websites to deliberately harass or threaten others.
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“Emotional Harm” that takes place in the context of “harassment or bullying” means harm to a student’s emotional well-being through the creation of a hostile school environment that is so severe or pervasive as to unreasonably and substantially interfere with a student’s education.

Acts of harassment and bullying that are prohibited include those acts based on a person’s actual or perceived membership in the following groups, including but not limited to:

- Race
- Color
- Weight
- National Origin
- Ethnic Group
- Religion
- Religious Practice
- Disability
- Sex
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender (which includes a person’s actual or perceived sex, as well as gender identity and expression)

“Hazing” is defined to mean committing an act against a student, or coercing a student into committing an act, that creates a risk of emotional, physical or psychological harm to the student, in order for the student to be initiated into or affiliated with a student organization, or for any other purpose. The term “hazing” includes, but is not limited to: humiliating, degrading or dangerous activities; substance abuse of alcohol, tobacco or illegal drugs; any activity that intimidates or threatens the student with ostracism, or adversely affects the health or safety of the student; or any activity that causes or requires the student to perform a task or act that is a violation of state or federal law or district policies/regulations.

II. Essential Partners

A. Teachers and Staff

1. In recognition of their charge in educating the children of our community, it shall be the responsibility of the teachers and staff to:

a. Maintain a climate of mutual respect and dignity for all students regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual
orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex, or any other legally protected status, with the intent of strengthening students’ self-concept and promote confidence to learn.

b. Reflect a personal enthusiasm for teaching and learning and a genuine concern for the individual student.

c. Guide learning activities so students learn to think and reason, to assume responsibility for their actions and to respect the rights of others.

d. Participate in the establishment of school rules and regulations regarding student behavior; explain these rules to students and require observance of them.

e. Enable students to discuss their problems by listening to students, remaining open-minded, and consulting and acting on student recommendations in the decision-making process.

f. Be fair, firm and consistent in enforcing school rules in buildings, school buses, on school property and at school functions as defined by Section I (B).

g. Give positive reinforcement for acceptable behavior.

h. Demonstrate, by word and personal example, respect for law and order and self-discipline.

i. Refer to a counselor or administrator any student whose behavior requires special attention.

j. Seek to develop close cooperative relationships with parents for the educational benefit of the student by keeping open communication with parents and by sending communications home promptly.

k. Address incidents of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination or situations that threaten the physical and/or emotional safety of a student on school property or at a school function.

l. Report incidents of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination witnessed or brought to the attention of a school employee to the
m. Address personal biases that may prevent equal treatment of all students on school property or at a school function.

B. Administrators

1. As the educational leaders of the school, administrators set the disciplinary climate. It shall be their responsibility to:

   a. Maintain a climate of mutual respect and dignity for all students regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex, or any other legally protected status, with the intent of strengthening students’ self-concept and promote confidence to learn.

   b. Create the best teaching/learning situation possible, exercising all authority assigned by the Superintendent and School Board.

   c. Evaluate the program of instruction in the schools to achieve a meaningful education program.

   d. Help the staff evaluate their own procedures and attitudes in relation to the interactions within their classrooms.

   e. Receive teacher or counselor referrals of students with behavior problems; confer with these students; communicate with parents; and set up cooperative procedures for bringing about modification of the student's behavior.

   f. Utilize all appropriate auxiliary staff and outside agencies to help parents and students identify problems and seek solutions.

   g. Provide the opportunity for students and staff to approach the administrator directly for redress of grievances.

   h. Be fair, firm and consistent in all decisions affecting students, parents and staff.
i. Maintain open lines of communication between the school and the home.

j. Assume responsibility for the dissemination and enforcement of the District's discipline policy and ensure that all cases are resolved promptly.

k. Comply with pertinent laws and regulations governing hearings, suspensions and students' rights.

l. Enable students to discuss their problems by listening to students; remaining open-minded; and consulting and acting on student recommendations in the decision-making process.

m. Facilitate the professional development of staff members and support in-service programs.

n. Establish the line of administrative authority in the building in the absence of the administrator.

C. Parents

1. To achieve a cooperative, wholesome relationship between home and school that is essential to each student's successful development and achievement, it shall be the responsibility of parents to:

   a. Send their child to school as required by the New York State Education Law.

   b. Insist on prompt and regular attendance.

   c. Make certain that all absences are properly excused.

   d. Provide for their child's health, personal cleanliness and suitable grooming and dress.

   e. Guide their child from the earliest years to develop acceptable behavior, to exercise self-control and to be accountable for their actions.

   f. Teach their child respect for law, for the authority of the school and for the rights and property of others.
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g. Know, understand and support the rules their child is expected to observe at school; to be aware of the consequences for any violation of these rules; and to accept legal responsibility for their child’s action.

h. Instill in their child a desire to learn by providing a place conducive for study and ensuring completion of homework assignments.

i. Demonstrate an enthusiastic and supportive attitude toward school and education by becoming acquainted with their child's school, its staff, curriculum and activities and by attending parent-teacher conferences and school functions.

D. Board of Education

1. A primary task of the Board of Education is to establish District policy. It shall be the responsibility of the Board to:

a. Adopt and support a clearly defined Code of Conduct.

b. Provide adequate numbers and kinds of personnel and sufficient building space, so that the conditions within the school are conducive to a positive learning environment.

c. Listen and react to the views of the total community.

d. Employ qualified personnel who are understanding, sensitive to, and genuinely interested in, young people.

e. Provide time for regularly scheduled in-service training for all school employees.

E. School Counselors

a. Confront issues of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination or any situation that threatens the emotional or physical health or safety of any student, school employee or any person who is lawfully on school property or at a school function.

b. Address personal biases that may prevent equal treatment of all students on school property or at a school function.
c. Report incidents of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination that are witnessed or otherwise brought to a staff member’s attention to the appropriate building administrator and/or the Dignity Act Coordinator (DAC) in a timely manner.

III. Strategies and Procedures for the Maintenance and Enforcement of Public Order on School Property

A. Purpose

The following rules and regulations are adopted for the maintenance of public order on school property. These rules shall apply to any individual on school property and/or at school functions (as defined by Section I (B)) including students, teachers, staff members and visitors.

B. Prohibited conduct

1. No person, either singly or in concert with others, shall:

   a. Willfully cause physical injury to any other person, or threaten to do so for the purpose of compelling or inducing such other person to refrain from any act which they have a lawful right to do, or to do any act which they have a lawful right not to do.

   b. Willfully damage or destroy property of the district, or remove or use such property without authorization.

   c. Without permission, express or implied, enter into any private office of an administrative officer, faculty member or staff member. This prohibition does not apply to law enforcement officers or individuals designated by the Superintendent to conduct lawful investigations of alleged misconduct.

   d. Other than a student or employee, enter a classroom or the building beyond the administrative office without written permission of the Superintendent or their designee. Parents of students (who are not prohibited by being in their child’s classroom by court order) need not obtain written permission from the Superintendent or designee. However, such individuals must be invited by the classroom teacher and must check in with the building principal’s office upon arrival and departure.
e. Enter upon and remain in any building or facility for any purpose other than for authorized uses, or in such manner as to obstruct its authorized use by others.

f. Without authorization, remain in any building or facility after it is normally closed.

g. Refuse to leave any building or facility after being requested to do so by an authorized administrator.

h. Obstruct the free movement of persons and vehicles in any place to which these rules apply.

i. Deliberately disrupt or prevent the peaceful and orderly conduct of classes, lectures and meetings, or deliberately interfere with any person who desires to express his views, including invited speakers.

j. Have in their possession upon any premises to which these rules apply, any knife, shotgun, pistol, revolver, or other firearm or weapon without the written authorization of the Superintendent, whether or not a license to possess the same has been issued to such person.

k. Possess, consume, sell or exchange alcoholic beverages, drugs or narcotics on school property.

l. Distribute or post any written material, pamphlet or poster without the prior written approval of the Superintendent. This should not be construed as conflicting with any rights conferred on staff members by contract or law.

m. Use in either words, clothing or signs profane, lewd, vulgar or abusive language or words which may incite or offend another person; or constitute a health or safety hazard (including clothing that promotes the sale or use of alcohol, tobacco and/or controlled substances) or a substantial disruption or material interference with the mission, work or discipline of the school community.

n. Urge or incite, guard, protect, aid or abet others in the commission of any of the acts herein prohibited.

o. Plan, direct, encourage, aid or engage in hazing, harassment/
C. Penalties and Procedures

1. In the case of a violation of this section or any other provision of this Code of Conduct:

   a. Any individual authorized to be on school property or at a school function (other than students or staff) that violates the rules of this code will be directed to leave the property or function. In the event of his/her failure or refusal to do so, the Superintendent or designee shall cause his/her ejection from such property.

   b. In the case of any unauthorized individual who is on school property or at a school function, the Superintendent or designee shall inform the individual that he/she is not authorized to remain and direct him/her to leave such property. In the event of their failure to do so, the Superintendent or designee shall cause their ejection from such property. Nothing in this section should be construed as authorizing the presence of any such person at any time, nor affect their liability for prosecution for trespassing, loitering, etc., as prescribed in the Penal Law.

   c. In the case of a student, charges for violation of any of these rules shall be presented and shall be heard and determined in the manner provided in the applicable sections of this Code of Conduct or Section 3214(3) of the Education Law.

   d. In the case of a faculty member having tenure, charges for misconduct and violation of these rules shall be made, heard and determined in accordance with Section 3020-a of the Education Law.

   e. In the case of the faculty member not having tenure, the Superintendent shall conduct a hearing after written notice to the teacher of the charges and shall determine the punishment of the teacher if found guilty.

   f. In the case of any staff member who holds a position in the classified Civil Service which is covered by Section 75 of the Civil
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Service Law, charges of misconduct for violation of any of these rules shall be made, heard and determined as prescribed in that section.

g. In the case of any staff member who does not hold a position in the classified Civil Service and is not covered by the provisions of Section 75 of the Civil Service Law, the Superintendent shall conduct a hearing after written notice to such staff member of the charges, and shall determine the punishment if such staff member is found guilty.

D. Procedures to Inform Law Enforcement Officials of a Crime and Filing Criminal/Juvenile Delinquency Complaints

1. In the case of a violation of this section or any other provision of this Code of Conduct which constitutes a crime, the Superintendent has established the following procedures to report such an incident to the appropriate law enforcement agency and to follow through with filing a criminal/juvenile delinquency complaint:

a. Any individual who believes that they have witnessed a crime either on school property or at a school function should report it to the appropriate building principal or their designee. The principal/designee will gather the necessary information to determine whether he/she believes that a crime has been committed. If so, the appropriate local law enforcement agency will be contacted immediately. If not, the principal/designee will take whatever disciplinary steps may be necessary, consistent with this Code of Conduct. These procedures should be followed in all circumstances except for reporting “child abuse in an educational setting” where the procedures for reporting such incidents are set forth in the statute.

b. If, in consultation with the local law enforcement agency, the school district is deemed the appropriate entity to file a criminal/juvenile delinquency complaint against the code violator, the appropriate school official (e.g., building principal) will be expected to file such a complaint. Where the victim of the crime is an individual, whether a student, teacher, staff member, visitor, etc., the crime victim will be strongly encouraged to file such a complaint.
IV. Student Conduct and Discipline

A. Bill of Rights and Responsibilities of Students

1. Rights
   a. Students of this district shall have the rights afforded to students under the provisions of the Federal and State constitutions and the laws of the State of New York.
   
   b. Learn in an environment free of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination based on actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex or any other legally protected status;
   
   c. Participate equally in all school functions regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression) sex or any other legally protected status;
   
   d. Have complaints about school-related incidents investigated and responded to.

2. It shall be the responsibility of the students to:
   a. Be aware of and obey school rules and regulations.
   b. Accept responsibility for their own actions.
   c. Respect the rights of others, including the right to secure an education in an environment that is orderly and disciplined.
   d. Attend school regularly and punctually.
   e. Take advantage of the academic opportunities offered at school.
   f. Be supportive of and participate in school functions.
   g. Maintain habits of personal cleanliness.
   h. Respect school property.
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(i) Strive for mutually respectful relationships with teachers and administrators recognizing their role as a surrogate parent in matters of behavior and discipline.

(j) Contribute toward establishing and maintaining an atmosphere that generates mutual respect and dignity for all.

(k) Be informed regarding student rights and responsibilities and comply with all rules and regulations of this policy.

(l) Act and speak respectfully about issues/concerns.

(m) Use non-sexist, non-racist and other non-biased language.

(n) Respect and treat others with tolerance and dignity regardless of actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practice, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex or any other legally protected status.

(o) Use communication that is non-confrontational and is not obscene or defamatory.

(p) Report acts of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination, and other inappropriate actions that threaten the physical and/or emotional safety of others to the appropriate staff member, building administrator, or Dignity Act Coordinator (DAC).

3. The above bill of rights and responsibilities shall be publicized and explained to all students on an annual basis. The manner and extent of the publication shall be determined by the Superintendent or his/her designee.

B. Student Conduct

1. Acceptable and appropriate conduct by students shall be consistent with the student responsibilities outlined in this Code of Conduct.

Whenever possible, teachers and staff members are encouraged to use realistic, age appropriate positive and progressive discipline and remedial techniques which reward and enforce positive behavior. The District shall formally recognize responsible student behavior in forums such as the National Honor Society induction ceremony, academic awards assemblies.
and certificates for perfect attendance. The District encourages the development of additional methods of recognition.

2. Unacceptable and Inappropriate behavior

   a. Any violation of law

   b. Being under the influence of alcohol on school property or at school functions; selling, consuming or being in possession of alcohol on school property or on a bus going to or from a school function or at a school function as defined by Section I (B).

   c. Being under the influence of, the use, possession, sale or gift of any drug or controlled substance, including marijuana synthetic cannabinoids, including but not limited to items labeled as incense, herbal mixtures or potpourri, or any instruments for the use of such drugs, controlled substance or marijuana such as pipe, syringe, lighters or other paraphernalia, while on school property or on a bus going to or from a school function or at a school function as defined by Section I (B). Excepted is any drug taken in accordance with a current prescription signed by a physician which is to be taken by that particular student at the time in question.

   d. Stealing, lying, cheating, plagiarism or other acts of dishonesty.

   e. Issues Related to Academic Integrity

   Held with the charge of preparing students to be college, career and citizen ready, the educational staff at Waterville Jr./Sr. High School is committed to developing students’ understanding of issues related to academic integrity. Specifically, students in grades 7-12 will be educated by the teacher/instructor in the first three days of each course regarding issues of academic dishonesty and plagiarism.

   According to Colgate University, academic dishonesty is “any attempt to misrepresent one's performance on any academic exercise submitted for evaluation.” Furthermore, academic dishonesty includes “Cheating, Fabrication (of data or sources), Facilitating Academic Dishonesty, and Plagiarism.”
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According to Merriam-Webster Dictionary, plagiarism is defined as “the act of using another person's words or ideas without giving credit to that person.”

Given this education, students are to be held accountable for maintaining a high level of academic integrity with regard to all school-related work. This includes, but is not limited to: homework assignments, essays, reports, research papers, presentations, computer work, assessments, or any other assignment that is graded or used to assess student understanding.

Given this education, all assignments are expected to be the original work of the student. With that being said, when a student:

- uses the words of another, it is expected that quotations are used and a source is cited either in the text or via footnotes,
- paraphrases and/or summarizes the words of another, it is expected that the student identify the source of the idea(s),
- uses the work of another student, that student is in violation of the expectations for academic integrity,
- provides assistance to another student in violating expectations for academic integrity, the student will also be considered in violation of the expectations for academic integrity.

Teachers play a vital role in upholding Waterville Central School District’s principles related to academic integrity. Educational staff and administrators will utilize various methods and resources to assist in the detection of acts related to plagiarism and cheating. It is expected that all teachers will report issues of academic dishonesty and plagiarism to building level administration. After being reported, an instance of academic dishonesty or plagiarism will be handled as a disciplinary issue. If after investigation a student is found to have violated the expectations for academic dishonesty, a score of 0 may be assigned for that assignment. Additional disciplinary measures may also be taken.

f. Verbal or physical intimidation.

g. Fighting or causing physical harm to another.

h. Disrespect toward an administrator, faculty or other staff member.
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i. Possession or use of a weapon, which constitutes a firearm or destructive device, on school property, at a school function or on a school bus.

j. Possession or use of knives or other weapons not included in subsection (i) on school property, at a school function, or on a school bus.

k. Failure to comply with the directions of a teacher, administrator or other school employee.

l. Engaging in acts of harassment/bullying or sexual harassment as defined in the district’s policies.

m. Using in either words, clothing, or signs, profane, lewd, vulgar, abusive language or words which may incite or offend another person; or constitute a health and safety hazard (including clothing that promotes the sale or use of alcohol, tobacco and/or controlled substances) or a substantial disruption or material interference with the mission, work or discipline of the school community.

n. Selling, using or possessing obscene material.

o. Lateness for, missing or leaving school or class without permission or an excuse given by a faculty member.

p. Possessing and/or use of a(n) e-cigarette, cigarette, cigar or pipe, lighter, or using chewing or smokeless tobacco on school property or on a bus going from a school function or at a school function.

q. Any willful act which disrupts the normal operation of the school community.

r. Unacceptable classroom behavior including being disrespectful to a teacher or staff member or inappropriate talking in class.

s. Unacceptable bus behavior including not staying seated, throwing objects, excessive loudness or other activities that distract the driver of the bus.

t. Public displays of affection.

u. Gambling.
v. Vandalism of school property or the personal property of a teacher, administrator, staff member, student or any person lawfully on district property.

w. In addition to the preceding standards of conduct, the District prohibits harassment/bullying and/or discrimination against any student by staff members or students that creates a hostile environment by conduct (with or without physical conduct) or verbal statements, intimidation, or abuse. “Harassment/Bullying” means the creation of a hostile environment by conduct or by threats, intimidation or abuse, including cyberbullying as defined in Education Law 11[8], that:

   a) has or would have the effect of unreasonably and substantially interfering with a student’s educational performance, opportunities or benefits, or mental, emotional or physical well-being; or
   b) reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause a student to fear for his or her physical safety; or
   c) reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause physical injury or emotional harm to a student; or
   d) occurs off school property and creates or would foreseeably create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment, where it is foreseeable that the conduct, threats, intimidation or abuse might reach school property.

The prohibition of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination includes, but is not limited to, threats, intimidation, or abuse based on the student’s actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), sex or any other legally protected status.

3. Student Dress

As a general principle, students have the right to determine their own dress as it relates to taste and appearance. However, all students are expected to give proper attention to personal cleanliness and to dress appropriately for school and school functions.

Students should dress in a manner that is appropriate and respectful of a professional learning environment. Issues of students dress will be
handled on a case-by-case basis in a manner that demonstrates respect for the student.

Students may be required to wear appropriate protective gear in applicable classes (including, but not limited to, family and consumer science, physical education, technology, agriculture, and science lab settings). Students shall not be permitted to wear apparel that:

a. is profane, lewd or offensive
b. constitutes a substantial disruption or material interference with the mission, work or discipline of the school community
c. constitutes a health or safety hazard (including clothing that promotes the sale or use of alcohol, tobacco and/or controlled substances); or
d. otherwise infringes upon the rights of others.

4. Age Appropriate Restatement of Policy

You should never feel that it is not safe for you to come to school and participate in all school activities. You should never be prevented from concentrating on your schoolwork because another student or a staff member is teasing you, making fun of you, pushing you around, or threatening you in some way, because of your race, color, weight, national origin (where your family comes from), ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), or sex.

You may not act toward another student in a way that reasonably might make them feel threatened or unsafe, or that might reasonably make them unable to concentrate on their school work, because of what you think about their race, color, weight, national origin (where their family comes from), ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), or sex. It is against school rules for you to do this by your physical actions or by your verbal statements, including electronic messages.

C. Disciplinary Responses to Student Misconduct

The purpose of all discipline is to teach students appropriate and constructive behaviors. Disciplinary measures shall be balanced, age appropriate, progressive and address the seriousness of the offense and, where applicable, to the previous discipline record of the student.
This code divides types of misbehaviors into four (4) levels of increasing seriousness, with more stringent disciplinary measures provided for at each level. If an infraction appears to fall between two levels, it should be categorized and dealt with at the less stringent level. At each level there are examples of infractions to be treated at that level. The list is intended to be descriptive rather than exhaustive. Each level also has a description of procedures which school officials should follow in administering discipline, and a menu of disciplinary choices. Because each child and each misbehavior is different, school officials should tailor the discipline for each infraction to best encourage the child to make better choices in the future through remedial actions to help improve student behavior, reduce repeated misbehaviors, and contribute to a more positive school environment.

Disciplinary actions may result from any incident occurring on school property, a school bus/transportation, or at a school function. Disciplinary action may also be taken if an incident occurs off school property and is deemed to be disruptive to the educational process.

Level A
These misbehaviors constitute minor infractions of school rules which cause little harm and minimal disruption. They are best handled quickly and informally. If the behaviors continue, however, their very persistence may make them disruptive enough to cause them to be treated as more serious infractions with more stringent consequences.

Examples of Infractions

1. Failure to follow instructions
2. Minor classroom disturbance
3. Minor aggressive act
4. Inappropriate physical horseplay
5. Neglect of safety rules
6. Violation of bus rules
7. Violation of library rules
8. Litter
9. Disturbance outside classroom
10. Abuse of hall, locker, study hall or library privileges
11. Tardiness
12. Inappropriate language
13. Failure to bring in a note for absence from school
14. Parking/Riding/Parking Infractions
PROCEDURES

1. The supervising teacher/staff member intervenes and applies the most appropriate discipline.
2. The supervising teacher/staff member who intervenes must submit written documentation to administration regarding the offense(s) and disciplinary action(s) taken.
3. Parent/guardian contact and/or conference will take place.
4. If misbehavior persists, the supervising teacher/staff members will conference with administration.
5. Administration will maintain a record of the offense and the disciplinary action taken.

OPTIONAL DISCIPLINARY RESPONSES

A. Verbal reprimand
B. Seat change
C. Behavioral contract/management plans
D. Supervised study hall
E. Restriction loss of Extra-Curricular Activities
F. Restorative/reflective written assignments
G. Recommendation and/or referral for counseling
H. Parental contact and/or conference
I. Clean-up after school and/or payment of damages
J. Detention
K. Warning letter
L. Referral to in-school or out of school agency
M. Any combination of the above

LEVEL B

Misbehaviors included at this level are frequent and/or serious enough to disrupt the learning climate of the school and affect the student’s own ability to learn. Some of these infractions may be a result of misbehaviors which continue even after disciplinary measures are taken under Level A. Because of the frequency and/or seriousness of these misbehaviors, the administrator assumes the major responsibility for corrective action.

EXAMPLES OF INFRACTIONS

1. Unmodified Level A misbehavior
2. Defiance and/or insubordination
3. Petty theft
4. Gambling
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5. Use of profanity or obscenity
6. Forgery
7. Skipping scheduled classes or detention
8. Harassment/bullying of others (verbal, written, cyberbullying, or any other form of verbal/non-verbal communication)
9. Minor acts involving the defacing and/or destruction of school property, including graffiti
10. Fighting (no physical harm)

Procedures

1. The supervising teacher/staff member must submit written documentation to administration regarding the offense(s).
2. The administrator investigates the incident.
3. Based upon the investigation, the administrator determines the most appropriate disciplinary response. If the disciplinary response includes suspension, administration will adhere to the appropriate procedures.
4. The disciplinary response is communicated to the student by a student conference.
5. Parent/guardian contact and/or conference will also take place.
6. Administration will maintain a record of the offense(s) and the disciplinary action(s) taken.

Optional Disciplinary Responses

A. Continuation of the more stringent Level A options
B. Recommend or refer for sustained counseling
C. Parental conference
D. Temporary withdrawal of certain privileges or participation in school activities
E. Teacher removal of a student from classroom*
F. Suspension of school bus transportation
G. In-school suspension
H. Out-of-school suspension (except for truants)
I. Any combination of the above

* Such removal shall be consistent with Section IV (D) of this code.

Level C
Classified at this level are behaviors which may cause lasting harm to the misbehaving student or which may threaten the health, safety, or emotional well being of others in the school. If the possibility exists that misbehavior(s) at this level violates criminal law(s), administrators may contact law enforcement
officials. In most cases, efforts will be made to remediate through disciplinary action at the school.

**Examples of Infractions**

1. Unmodified Level B misbehavior
2. Repeated truancy
3. The use, possession, sale and/or distributing of tobacco or tobacco related products including but not limited to: cigarettes, cigars, pipes, e-cigs, vaporizers, Juuls, lighters, matches on school property, a school bus, or at a school function.
4. Extortion
5. Stealing, possession of stolen property, and/or sale of stolen property
6. Physically threatening other students
7. Serious acts of defiance or threatening a teacher or support staff
8. Fighting (physical harm)
9. Minor acts involving the defacing and/or destruction of school property, including graffiti
10. Possessing, using, or being under the influence of drugs or alcohol on school property, school bus, or at a school function
11. Serious disruptive behavior
12. Truancy
13. Leaving school grounds without permission (elopement)
14. Interference in the execution of duties of school personnel
15. Harassment/bullying of others (verbal, written, cyberbullying, or any other form of verbal/non-verbal communication)
16. Possession or distribution of pornographic materials

**Procedures**

1. The supervising teacher/staff member may require the student to be removed from the location and/or to be escorted to the main office.
2. The supervising teacher/staff member must submit written documentation to administration regarding the offense(s).
3. The administrator investigates the incident.
4. Based upon the investigation, the administrator determines the most appropriate disciplinary response. If the disciplinary response includes suspension, administration will adhere to the appropriate procedures.
5. The disciplinary response is communicated to the student by a student conference.
6. Administrators may contact law enforcement officials.
7. Parent/guardian contact and/or conference will also take place.
8. Administration will maintain a record of the offense(s) and the disciplinary action(s) taken.

Optional Disciplinary Responses

A. Continuation of appropriate Level B options
B. Full withdrawal from participation in school activities
C. Restitution for damages
D. Referral to outside agency
E. In-school suspension
F. Out-of-school suspension (except for truants)
G. Referral to Superintendent for possible hearing
H. Referral to appropriate agencies
I. Any combination of above

Level D
Except for unmodified Level C behavior, the acts listed at this level are clearly criminal. They represent a direct and immediate threat to the welfare of others or may result in serious injury to the student, other people, or property. In most cases, they require administrative action which immediately removes the student from school and calls for the intervention of appropriate authorities.

Examples of Infraction

1. Unmodified Level C misbehavior
2. Stealing, possession of stolen property, and/or sale of stolen property
3. Extortion from other students
4. Indecent exposure
5. Tampering with and/or activating a fire alarm
6. Arson
7. Major vandalism
8. Possession and/or use of explosives
9. Providing, selling, and use of drugs, illegal chemical substances and/or alcohol
10. Making a bomb threat
11. Assault and battery
12. Possessing or using a pellet or BB gun
13. Possession, use, and/or transfer of weapons
14. Hate crimes (incidents targeting individuals or groups with threats, ridicule, or violence, including written and electronically displayed ridicule)
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Procedures

1. The supervising teacher/staff member will immediately contact the main office. They may require the student to be removed from the location, and/or to be escorted to the main office. Depending on the severity of the event, the supervising teacher/staff member, the main office, or administration may make immediate contact with law enforcement. Building administration will notify the Superintendent’s office.

2. The supervising teacher/staff member must submit written documentation to administration regarding the offense(s).

3. The administrator investigates the incident. Administration, teachers, and staff will also cooperate with any investigation by law enforcement.

4. Based upon the investigation, the administrator determines the most appropriate disciplinary response. If the disciplinary response includes suspension, administration will adhere to the appropriate procedures.

5. The disciplinary response is communicated to the student by a student conference.

6. Parent/guardian contact and/or conference will also take place.

7. Administration will maintain a record of the offense(s) and the disciplinary action(s) taken.

8. The principal will submit a report regarding the incident to the Superintendent and the Board of Education.

Optional Disciplinary Responses

A. Full restitution of damages
B. In-school suspension
C. Out-of-school suspension
D. Superintendent’s hearing (may determine placement)
E. Referral to appropriate agencies
F. Any combination of the above

D. Removal of disruptive students from the classroom and school property.

1. Teacher Removal of a Disruptive Student from the Classroom

   a. Teachers have a limited authority to remove disruptive students from the classroom. Such removal shall be consistent with this Code of Conduct. Disruptive students are defined as elementary/or secondary students, under the age of 21, who are “substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interfere with the teacher’s authority over the classroom.”
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b. A disruptive student may be removed from a teacher’s classroom by the teacher for no more than two (2) days of instruction for each incident of substantial disruption of the educational process or substantial interference with a teacher’s authority.

c. In order to initiate the removal of a student from the classroom, the teacher must first determine that a student is disruptive. The behaviors identified as Level B behaviors under Section IV(C) Disciplinary Responses to Student Misconduct are illustrative of disruptive behavior warranting teacher removal from class. Behaviors which do not rise to the level defined as disruptive shall be subject to traditional disciplinary strategies, in accordance with this policy.

These techniques may include practices that involve the teacher directing a student to briefly leave the classroom to give the student an opportunity to regain his or her composure and self-control in an alternative setting. Such practices may include, but are not limited to: (1) short-term “time out” in an elementary classroom or in administrator’s office; (2) sending (with supervision) a student to the principal’s office for the remainder of the class time only; (3) sending (with supervision) a student to a guidance counselor or other district staff member for counseling; or (4) assignment to time out, or “resolution and recovery”. Time-honored classroom management techniques such as these do not constitute disciplinary removals for purposes of this code.

In addition, teacher removal of a student from the classroom for behavior which warrants a more significant penalty, such as out-of-school suspension, does not preclude the greater discipline.

d. If the student’s behavior is merely disruptive (not presenting a continuing danger or an ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process) the teacher shall notify the student of the reasons for the removal prior to the removal and allow the student to present their version of the events. If the student’s behavior does present a continuing danger or ongoing threat as stated above, the teacher may immediately remove the student from the classroom; and explain the basis of the removal and allow the student to present his/her version of the events within twenty-four (24) hours of the removal. If the twenty-four (24) hour period does not end on a school day, it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the next school day.
e. A teacher initiating removal of a student from the classroom pursuant to the provisions of this Code of Conduct shall inform the principal of the basis of the removal and complete a written disciplinary referral form detailing the basis of the removal.

f. The principal or their designee (another administrator) must inform the parent of the reasons for the removal from class within twenty-four (24) hours of the removal, provided that if such twenty-four (24) period does not end on a school day; it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the next school day. On request, the student/parent must be given an opportunity to discuss reasons with principal or their designee. The teacher shall be involved in the conference, unless the principal decides based upon extenuating circumstances that it is not beneficial to have the teacher involved in such conference.

1. If the student denies the charges, the student/parent must be given explanation of basis for removal and an opportunity to represent his/her version. This must take place within forty-eight (48) hours of the removal. If the forty-eight (48) hour period does not end on a school day, it shall be extended to the corresponding time on the second school day next following the student’s removal.

2. The principal or his/her designee must decide, by the close of business on the school day next succeeding the end of the forty-eight (48) hour period for an informal hearing, whether the discipline will be set aside. The principal or his/her designee may only set aside discipline if:

   a. The charges against the student are not supported by substantial evidence.

   b. The student’s removal is in violation of law.

   c. The conduct warrants an out-of-school suspension and a suspension will be imposed.

g. The District shall provide continued educational programming to students who are removed from class by a teacher. Such programming shall include placement in an alternative educational program appropriate to individual student needs.
E. Student Suspension from School

1. Parental notice concerning student suspensions. When suspension of a student from attendance for a period of five (5) days or less pursuant to Section 3214(3) of the Education Law is proposed, school district officials shall immediately notify the parents or guardians in writing that the student may be suspended from school. Written notice shall be provided by personal delivery, express mail delivery, or equivalent means reasonably calculated to assure receipt of such notice within twenty-four (24) hours of the decision to propose suspension at the last known address or addresses of the parents or guardians. Where possible, notification shall also be provided by telephone if the school has been provided with a telephone number(s) for the purpose of contacting parents or guardians. Such notice shall provide a description of the incident(s) for which suspension is proposed and shall inform the parents or guardians of their right to request an immediate informal conference with the principal in accordance with the provisions of Education Law, Section 3214(3)(b). Such notice and informal conference shall be in the dominant language or mode of communication used by the parents or guardians to the student. Such notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place prior to the suspension of the student unless the student’s presence in the school poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process, in which case the notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place as soon after the suspension as is reasonably practicable.

2. The suspension of students for a period in excess of five (5) school days shall be conducted in accordance with the regulations of Section 3214 of the Education Law.

3. Minimum Periods of Suspension

a. Students Who Repeatedly are Substantially Disruptive

Students who repeatedly are substantially disruptive to the educational process or who substantially interfere with the teacher’s authority in the classroom shall be subject to a minimum out-of-school suspension of two (2) days. A student who is “repeatedly is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher’s authority in the classroom” is defined as one who is removed from the classroom by a teacher more than four (4) times in a semester. Such suspension period may be reduced on a case by case basis consistent with law.
b. Students Who Bring to or Possess a Firearm or Weapon at School

1. In accordance with the Gun-Free Schools Law (20 U.S.C.A. Section 3351), the Gun-Free Schools Act of 1994 (20 U.S.C.A. Section 8921), New York State Education Law Section 3214(3), and this Board policy, the punishment for violation of Section IV subsection B (2)(h) shall be a suspension from attendance upon instruction for a period of not less than one calendar year.

The Superintendent has the authority to modify the one year suspension on a case-by-case basis. In deciding whether to modify the penalty, the Superintendent may consider the student’s age, grade in school, prior disciplinary record, Superintendent’s belief that other forms of discipline may be effective, input from parents, teachers and/or others; and other extenuating circumstances.

2. The term “firearm” as used in Section IV subsection (B) (2) (h) is defined in 18 U.S.C.A. Section 921(3) and shall include any weapon, including a starter gun, which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; any firearm muffler or firearm silencer; or any destructive device. Such term does not include an antique firearm. The term “destructive device” means any explosive, incendiary, or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile having an explosive or incendiary charge or more than one-quarter ounce, mine or any device similar to any of those devices already described in this paragraph. Except that “destructive device” shall not mean any device not designed or redesigned for use as a weapon.

3. The Superintendent shall refer a student who has been determined to have violated Section IV subsection (B) (2) (h) as follows:

If the student is under 16 years of age (17 years of age effective October 1, 2018, to a presentment agency for a juvenile delinquency proceeding: except a student 14 or 15
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years of age who qualifies for juvenile offender status in accordance with the Family Court Act, Article 3.

If the student is 16 years of age (17 years of age effective October 1, 2018) or older, or 14 or 15 years of age who qualifies for juvenile offender status, to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

c. Minimum Suspension for Violent Students, other than Students Who Bring or Possess a Firearm or Weapon to School

1. Teachers shall immediately report and refer a violent student to the principal or Superintendent for a violation of this Code of Conduct.

2. Students who are deemed to be “violent pupils” as defined by Education Law Section 3214 (2-a) (a), other than those who bring or possess a firearm or weapon to school in violation of the Gun-Free School Act and are subject to the provisions of subsection (b), above, shall be subject to a minimum out-of-school suspension of at least five (5) days. Such suspension may be modified or reduced on a case-by-case basis. In deciding whether to modify the penalty, the Superintendent and/or Principal may consider factors such as the student’s age, grade in school, prior disciplinary record, belief that other forms of discipline may be more effective, input from parents, teachers and others, and other extenuating circumstances. A violent pupil is an elementary or secondary student under twenty (21) includes one who:

a. commits an act of violence upon a teacher, administrator or other school employee;

b. commits, while on school property an act of violence upon another student or any other person lawfully upon said property;

c. threatens, while on school property, to use any instrument that appears able to cause physical injury or death;
F. **PINS Petition/Referral to Human Services Agencies**

The Superintendent has established the following procedures for filing PINS petitions or for the referral of students to the appropriate human services agency:

1. Where a student does not attend school in accordance with the Education Law or is incorrigible, ungovernable or habitually disobedient and beyond the lawful control of a parent or other lawful authority or who violates provisions of Section 221.05 of the Penal Law (unlawful possession of marijuana), the building principal having authority over the student will be responsible for filing a PINS proceeding against that student. Being “incorrigible, ungovernable or habitually disobedient and beyond the lawful control of a parent or other lawful authority” has the same definition as that provided in Article 7 of the Family Court Act. These petitions may also be filed by guidance counselors, or other certificated staff members but must be done in consultation with the building principal. Prior to commencing any such proceedings, the building principal should review the matter with the school district’s attorney.

2. The Superintendent will make available to all building principals a list of appropriate human services agencies located in or near the district. When in the discretion of the building principal referral to such an agency is appropriate, such referrals shall be made. This does not, however, effect the mandatory reporting requirements of all school district employees to make referrals for suspected child abuse.

V. **Procedure in the Early Identification, Responding to and Resolution of Discipline Problems**

A. Student service personnel, administrators, teachers and others shall report students who are having problems or appear to be having problems regarding matters covered in the Code of Conduct to the building principal. Parents also are invited to advise the building principal of concerns the parents may have regarding their children pertaining to the code.
B. Students are expected to report to teachers or to the building administrator any student who appears to be having discipline problems. Students are expected to cooperate in any conference regarding the discipline of that student.

C. When the building principal is aware of, or has received a report from student service personnel, administrators, teachers, students or parents, the building principal shall conduct whatever inquiry the principal considers appropriate.

D. If the building principal, after such inquiry, considers there is a basis for concern, the principal shall arrange to have a meeting with the parents and/or guardians and appropriate staff members to review the matter and create a plan to resolve the discipline problems.

E. The purpose of the procedure is to identify early possible problems and to resolve these disciplinary problems. The district shall assign such support personnel to assist the parties, considering the resources available at any given time.

F. Responding to Reports of Possible Harassment or Discrimination

1. The District has designated a Dignity Act Coordinator (DAC) for each school. Those coordinators are:

   Nick Rauch, JSHS Principal    Telephone: (315) 841-3842
   Maureen Gray, MPS Principal  Telephone: (315) 841-3784

   The Dignity Act Coordinators are trained in methods to respond to human relations in the areas of race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender (including gender identity or expression), and sex. They are available to speak with any person who has witnessed possible harassment/bullying and/or discrimination, or if that person has experienced treatment that may be prohibited harassment/bullying and/or discrimination.

2. The District provides a procedure for responding to reports of possible harassment/bullying and/or discrimination against students by another student, an employee, or any other person on school property or at a school function.

   The school principal or their designee, are responsible for receiving reports of alleged acts of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination. The principal, Superintendent or the principal’s or Superintendent’s designee may lead the thorough investigation of all reports of harassment/bullying
and/or discrimination. In the event that the principal is the alleged offender, the report will be directed to the Superintendent.

The school district will take prompt action to investigate any alleged act of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination, from reports received, whether written or orally reported, and will take steps necessary to protect the student from any further harassment/bullying and/or discrimination.

If a student witnesses or is the subject of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination, or is aware of any such acts, they should immediately report the incident to any staff member or administrator. The staff member and/or administrator shall document and take appropriate actions to address the occurrence and promptly report to the building principal or their designee.

When an alleged incident of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination is reported to or witnessed by a staff member, the staff member must take prompt action, notifying the building principal, or his/her designee no later than one school day after the staff member receives or is witness to the incident. The staff member must then file a written report to the building principal or their designee no later than two school days after making the oral report.

The school principal or their designee will lead or supervise an investigation of the alleged incident of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination. The building principal or their designee shall ensure that the investigation is undertaken promptly, treated as confidential, and follows the procedures set forth in the Code of Conduct.

If the investigation determines that a material incident of harassment/bullying and/or discrimination has occurred, steps will be taken as warranted to:

- Ensure the safety of the student.
- Eliminate the hostile environment where the harassment/bullying and/or discrimination occurred.
- Follow up to ensure the interventions put in place eliminated the harassment/bullying and/or discrimination, including retaliation.
- Work to create a more positive school culture and climate.

VI. **Students with Disabilities**
A. The Board of Education recognizes that the need to address disruptive or problem behavior within its schools may result in the suspension, removal or other discipline of students with disabilities eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and Article 89 of the Education Law (Article 89) and their implementing regulations. It also recognizes that these students with disabilities enjoy certain procedural protections whenever school authorities intend to impose discipline upon them.

1. A student with a disability may not be removed pursuant to Section 201.7 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education if the imposition of the 5 school day or 10 school day suspension or removal would result in a disciplinary change in placement based on a pattern if suspensions or removals as determined by school personnel in accordance with the criteria set forth in section 201.2 (3)(ii) except where the CSE has determined in accordance with section 201.4 that the behavior was not a manifestation of such students’ disability, or the student is placed in an IAES as authorized under Commissioner’s Regulations.

2. “Disciplinary change in placement” means a suspension or removal from a student’s current educational placement that is either:

   a. for more than ten (10) consecutive school days; or
   b. for a period of ten (10) consecutive days or less if the student is subjected to a series of suspensions or removals that constitute a pattern because they cumulate to more than ten (10) school days in a school year and because of such factors as the length of each suspension or removal, the total amount of time the student is removed and the proximity of the suspensions or removals to one another.

B. Accordingly, it shall be the Board’s policy that the procedures followed for suspending, removing or otherwise disciplining students with disabilities eligible for services under IDEA and Article 89 will conform with the procedural safeguards required by applicable laws and regulations.

C. This policy incorporates by reference the Procedural Safeguards for Students with Disabilities Subject to Discipline set forth in Part 201 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education, which implement the procedural protections provided under New York’s Education Law and which coordinate the state’s general procedures or suspension of students with disabilities with the requirements of IDEA and its implementing regulations.
1. The procedures relating to the discipline of students with disabilities require BOCES personnel who recommend the suspension or removal of students to work closely with Committees on Special Education, to establish clear guidelines for communication and decision making on disciplinary matters. The following provides a framework for the actions that schools must take when determining that a student with a disability will be suspended or removed for behaviors that violate the school Code of Conduct.

In order to initiate the removal of a student with a disability from the classroom, the teacher must first determine if the suspension will result in removing a student for more than ten (10) school days in a school year or impose a suspension or removal that constitutes a disciplinary change or placement.

a. If no, the following procedure(s) must be followed in conjunction with the teacher’s supervisor or director:

1. Suspensions shall be administered in accordance with Section 3214 of Education Law and application to Part 201 of the Regulations of the Commissioner of Education.

2. Referral to the CSE may be made for either/or:
   a. Addition and/or modification of the IEP for supplementary aids and services
   b. Review or modification of an existing behavior intervention plan
   c. Functional behavioral assessment
   d. Change in placement

b. If yes, the following procedure must be followed in conjunction with the teacher’s supervisor or director:

a. A referral to the CSE for a Manifestation Hearing

  1. If the behavior is related to the student’s disability, unless the parent and district otherwise reach an agreement, immediately return the student to his or her current educational placement.
  2. If the behavior is not related to the student’s disability, the student may be suspended or removed for the behavior.
D. Moreover, consistent with the IDEA and New York Education Law, student service personnel, teachers and/or administrators who identify a student with a disability whose behavior is repeatedly interfering with his/her own or other’s learning shall refer such individual to the CSE for a functional behavioral assessment and behavior intervention plan or, if one exists, for review of same.

VII. Conduct by School Employees

A. Acceptable conduct by school employees shall be consistent with the role of teachers and staff outlined in this Code of Conduct.

B. Unacceptable conduct by school employees

Unacceptable conduct by school employees shall be evaluated consistent with the strategies and procedures for the maintenance and enforcement of public order on school property, other provisions of this Code of Conduct and other applicable laws, rules and collective bargaining agreements.

C. Prohibition of Corporal Punishment

1. The District recognizes the responsibility of all school personnel, including administrators, faculty and other employees, to see that proper standards of school behavior are maintained. All school personnel are expected to help in maintaining proper levels of supervision.

2. No teacher, administrator, officer, employee or agent of the district shall use corporal punishment against a student.

3. As used in this section, corporal punishment means any act of physical force upon a student for the purpose of punishing that student, except as otherwise provided in subdivision 4 of this section.

4. In situations in which alternative procedures and methods not involving the use of physical force cannot reasonably be employed; nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of reasonable physical force for the following purposes:

   a. To protect oneself from physical injury;
   b. To protect another student or teacher or any other person from physical injury;
   c. To protect the property of the school or others; or
   d. To restrain or remove a student whose behavior is interfering with the orderly exercise and performance of School District functions,
powers and duties, if that student has refused to comply with a request to refrain from further disruptive acts.

5. The Superintendent of Schools is hereby directed to develop and implement a reporting procedure which will enable the District to summarize complaints relative to the alleged administration of corporal punishment. Such summaries will include references to the substance of each/all complaints, the result(s) of the investigation of each/all complaints, and whatever action(s), if any, was/were taken by the administration of the District. The summary of each/all complaints shall be available for submission to the Commissioner of Education in accordance with Commissioner’s Regulations (semi-annually, by January 15th and July 15th of each year).

D. Acceptable Attire

Appropriate professional attire is expected to be worn by all staff members. Clothing shall be neat and clean, shall not be profane, lewd or offensive; not constitute a health or safety hazard (including clothing that promotes the use or sale of alcohol, tobacco and/or controlled substances) or a substantial disruption or material interference with the work or discipline of the school.

E. Communication with Parents, Students, Other School Employees, Administrators or other Persons on School Property

Employees of the district shall refrain from the use of profane, lewd, vulgar or abusive language or words which may incite or offend another person.

VIII. In-Service Education Programs

At the start of each school year, the District shall provide all staff with in-service education regarding District policy for conduct on school property and at school functions, methods for promoting a safe and supportive school climate, and ways of discouraging harassment/bullying and/or discrimination against students by other students or school employees.

IX. Maintenance and Enforcement of Code of Conduct

A. Annual Review

This Code of Conduct shall be reviewed annually and updated as necessary, taking into consideration the effectiveness of code provisions and the fairness and consistency of its administration.
B. Modifications to the Code of Conduct
A board of education or board of cooperative educational services may adopt any revision to the Code of Conduct only after at least one public hearing that provides for the participation of school personnel, parents, students and any other interested party.

C. Review Committee
A school district may establish a committee pursuant to Education Law Section 2801(3) to facilitate the review of this Code of Conduct and the district’s response to Code of Conduct violations.

D. Filing
Each district shall file a copy of its Code of Conduct along with any amendments with the Commissioner of Education no later than thirty days after their respective adoptions.

E. Community Awareness
The Board of Education shall ensure community awareness of these provisions and of the Code of Conduct by:

   a. Posting the complete Code of Conduct, respectively, on the District’s Internet Web site, including any annual updates or amendments thereto.
   b. Provide copies of a summary of the Code of Conduct to all students, in an age-appropriate version, written in plain language, at a school assembly to be held at the beginning of each school year.
   c. Provide a plain language summary of the Code of Conduct to all parents and/or guardians to the student(s) before the beginning of each school year and making the summary available thereafter upon request.
   d. Provide each existing teacher with a copy of the complete Code of Conduct and a copy of any amendments to the code as soon as practicable following initial adoption or amendment of the Code of Conduct, and providing new teachers with a complete copy of the current Code of Conduct upon their employment.
   e. Make complete copies of the Code of Conduct available for review by students, parents and/or guardians to students, other school staff, and community members.
   f. Provide training to teachers, administrators, and staff designed to address the concepts and issues incorporated in the Dignity Act, including, but not limited to, guidelines on promoting a safe and supportive school climate while discouraging, among other things, harassment/bullying and/or discrimination against students and/or school employees.
   g. Provide “safe and supportive school climate concepts” in the District curriculum.
The District shall develop and implement a program of instruction in grades Kindergarten through Grade 12 to include a component on civility, citizenship and character education in accordance with Education Law. Such component shall instruct students on the principles of honesty, tolerance, personal responsibility, respect for others, observance of laws and rules, courtesy, dignity and other traits which will enhance the quality of their experiences in, and contributions to, the community.

F. Programs for In-service Education for District Employees

(Consistent with District’s existing or desired in-service program for employee concerning school discipline codes.)